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3/1/19. Find all positive integers $a \le b \le c$ such that

$$\arctan \frac{1}{a} + \arctan \frac{1}{b} + \arctan \frac{1}{c} = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$

Credit This problem was proposed by Naoki Sato.

Comments First, we can use the properties of the arctan function to establish bounds on *a*. Then we can transform the given equation into an algebraic equation, from which we can deduce the solutions. *Solutions edited by Naoki Sato.*

Solution 1 by: Damien Jiang (10/NC)

We first establish bounds on a. Since $\arctan x$ is increasing on (0, 1],

$$\arctan \frac{1}{a} \ge \arctan \frac{1}{b} \ge \arctan \frac{1}{c}.$$

Hence,

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \arctan\frac{1}{a} + \arctan\frac{1}{b} + \arctan\frac{1}{c} \le 3\arctan\frac{1}{a},$$

 \mathbf{SO}

$$\arctan \frac{1}{a} \ge \frac{\pi}{12} \implies \frac{1}{a} \ge \tan \frac{\pi}{12} = 2 - \sqrt{3} \implies a \le \frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{3}} = 2 + \sqrt{3} < 4.$$

Additionally,

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \arctan\frac{1}{a} + \arctan\frac{1}{b} + \arctan\frac{1}{c} > \arctan\frac{1}{a},$$

$$\frac{1}{c} = \frac{\pi}{a}$$

so

$$\frac{1}{a} < \tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad a > 1.$$

Therefore, the only possible values of a are a = 2 and a = 3.

From the original equation, we subtract $\arctan \frac{1}{c}$, and take the tangent of both sides to get

$$\frac{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}}{1 - \frac{1}{ab}} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{c}}{1 + \frac{1}{c}}.$$

Note that this equation is equivalent with the original because $\tan x$ is injective on (0, 1]. Multiplying, clearing denominators, and rearranging, we get

$$abc + 1 = ab + ac + bc + a + b + c.$$



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Solutions to Problem 3/1/19

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If a = 2, then

$$2bc + 1 = 2(b + c) + bc + 2 + b + c$$

$$\Rightarrow bc - 3(b + c) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (b - 3)(c - 3) = 10.$$

Because c > b, we have b = 4, c = 13 or b = 5, c = 8.

If a = 3, then

$$3bc + 1 = 3(b + c) + bc + 3 + b + c$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad 2bc - 4(b + c) = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad (b - 2)(c - 2) = 5.$$

Because c > b, we have b = 3, c = 7.

Therefore, the only solutions are (a, b, c) = (2, 4, 13), (2, 5, 8), and (3, 3, 7).